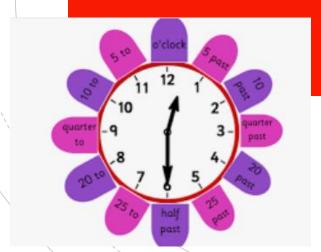


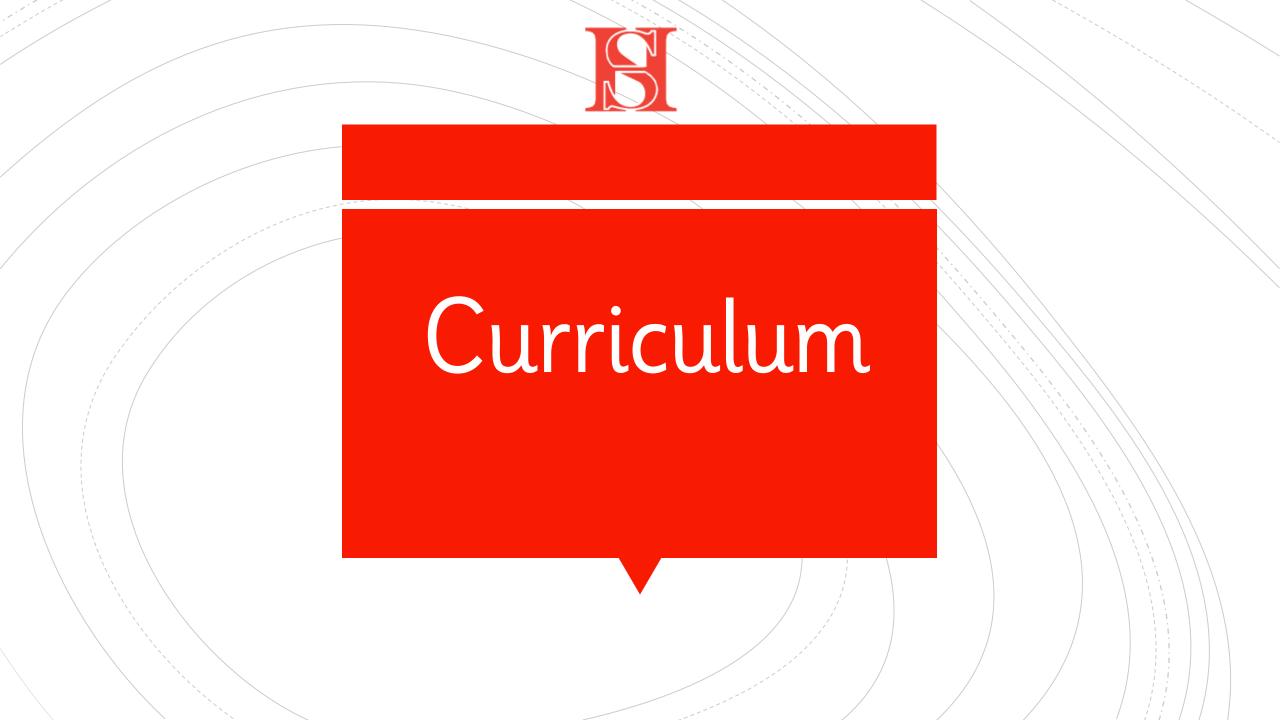
# Maths







Maths at
Holmesdale
Community Infant
School





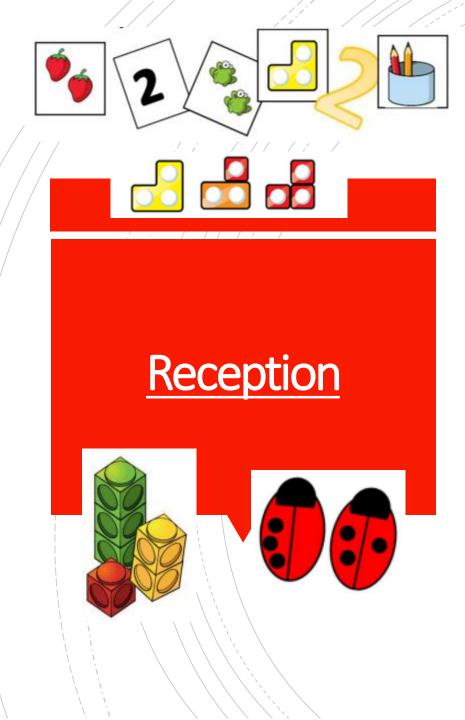


# Statutory framework for the early years foundation stage

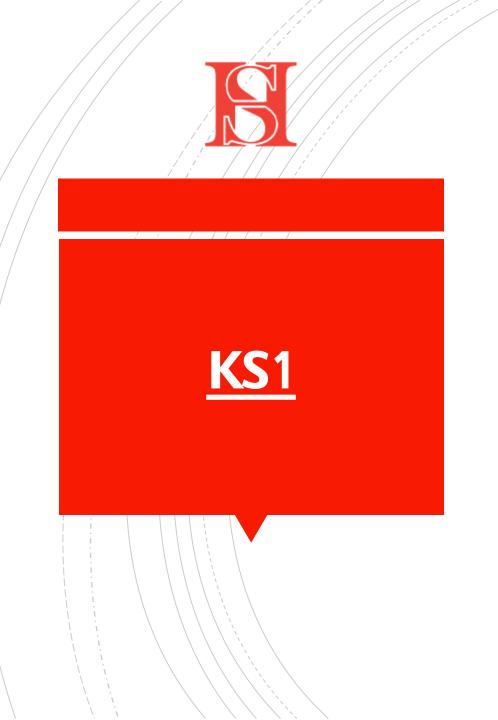
Setting the standards for learning, development and care for children from birth to five

# Nursery

- Develop fast recognition of up to 3 objects subitising
- Recite numbers past 5.
- Say one number for each item in order.
- Link numerals and amount.
- Experiment with symbols
- Solve real world problems with numbers up to 5.
- Compare quantities 'more than', 'fewer than'.
- Talk about 2d and 3d shapes.
- Understand position 'the bag is under the table'.
- Make comparisons between objects size, height, weight.
- Select shapes appropriately flat surface for a building
- Talk about and identify patterns around them.
- Notice repeating patterns.
- Describe a sequence of events first, then, next.



- Count objects, actions and sounds.
- Subitise.
- Link the number symbol (numeral) with its cardinal number value.
- Count beyond 10.
- Compare numbers.
- Explore the composition of numbers to 10.
- Automatically recall number bonds for numbers 0-5 and some to 10.
- Select, rotate and manipulate shapes to develop spatial reasoning skills.
- Compose and decompose shapes so that children recognise a shape can have other shapes within it.
- Continue, copy and create repeating patterns.
- Compare length, weight and capacity.





The national curriculum in England



- In Year 1 the National Curriculum is divided into 3 key categories:
- Number
- Measurement
- Geometry

# Number

- Number & place value
- Addition & subtraction
- Multiplication & division
- Fractions

# Measurement

- Length, height, mass, weight, capacity, volume, time (hour/1/2 hour), coins, sequencing events, days, weeks

# **Geometry**

- Properties of shape
- Position & Direction



Same categories as Year 1 with an added category of statistics.

# **Number**

- Number & place value
- Addition & subtraction
- Multiplication & division
- Fractions

# **Measurement**

- Length, height, mass, weight, capacity, volume, time (1/4 past & 1/4 to), coins, sequencing events, days, weeks, temperature

# <u>Geometry</u>

- Properties of shape
- Position & Direction

# **Statistics**



# Scheme White Rose



- White Rose is a Maths scheme used by many schools across the country to teach the National Curriculum.
- We follow White Rose in Reception Year 2
- Follows EYFS statutory framework and National Curriculum (KS1).
- Core skills are divided into terms and repeated throughout the year.
- Follows the mastery approach.
- Covers varied fluency teaches a variety of strategies.
- Previous knowledge continually revisited.
- Focuses on reasoning.

# What is Mastery?

- Mastery is not just about being able to memorise key facts and procedures.
- Mastery is knowing why and how and being able to explain to others. To be able to answer questions such as: What if? How? Why?
- Mastery is being able to represent things in different ways varied fluency.
- Mastery is being able to apply a concept to a totally new problem in an unfamiliar situation.
- > It is about depth not breadth!

# The White Rose Maths schemes of learning

# Teaching for mastery

Our research-based schemes of learning are designed to support a mastery approach to teaching and learning and are consistent with the aims and objectives of the National Curriculum.

### Putting number first

Our schemes have number at their heart.
A significant amount of time is spent reinforcing number in order to build competency and ensure children can confidently access the rest of the curriculum.

## Depth before breadth

Our easy-to-follow schemes support teachers to stay within the required key stage so that children acquire depth of knowledge in each topic. Opportunities to revisit previously learned skills are built into later blocks.

### Working together

Children can progress through the schemes as a whole group, encouraging students of all abilities to support each other in their learning.

# Fluency, reasoning and problem solving

Our schemes develop all three key areas of the National Curriculum, giving children the knowledge and skills they need to become confident mathematicians.

# Concrete - Pictorial - Abstract (CPA)

Research shows that all children, when introduced to a new concept, should have the opportunity to build competency by following the CPA approach. This features throughout our schemes of learning.

#### Concrete

Children should have the opportunity to work with physical objects/concrete resources, in order to bring the maths to life and to build understanding of what they are doing.





#### **Pictorial**

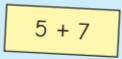
Alongside concrete resources, children should work with pictorial representations, making links to the concrete.

Visualising a problem in this way can help children to reason and to solve problems.



#### **Abstract**

With the support of both the concrete and pictorial representations, children can develop their understanding of abstract methods.



If you have questions about this approach and would like to consider appropriate CPD, please visit <a href="https://www.whiterosemaths.com">www.whiterosemaths.com</a> to find a course that's right for you.

# What ingredients make a 'master' mathematician?

perseverance

flexibility

accurate/able to spot and learn from mistakes

positive/can do attitude

effective communicator: oral and written

risk taker

independent: can tackle problems/pursue enquiries/ask questions

organised/systematic

pattern spotter: generate rules

> a maths toolkit (e.g. known facts, mental/written strategies)

ability to reason



problem solver: selecting
 most appropriate
 strategy/operation(s)



# Mastering Number

Number Fact Fluency

# **Mastering Number**

The Mastering Number programme aims to secure firm foundations in the development of good number sense for all children from Reception through to Year 1 and Year 2.

The aim over time is that children will leave KS1 with fluency in calculation and a confidence and flexibility with number.

Attention will be given to key knowledge and understanding needed in Reception classes, and progression through KS1 to support success in the future.



# Mastering Number

# Number Fact Fluency

# Mastering Number

- The Mastering Number programme is a new programme that we are implementing from this year to develop and improve number fact fluency.
- For KS1 this is a daily 10-15 minute session based on short visual animations to support the 12 key strategies to increase number fact fluency. This is in addition to daily Maths sessions using White Rose.
- In Reception this is the main programme used
   4 times a week to deliver all number concepts.
- White Rose is used to teach space shape and measure.



# Reception

# Reception:

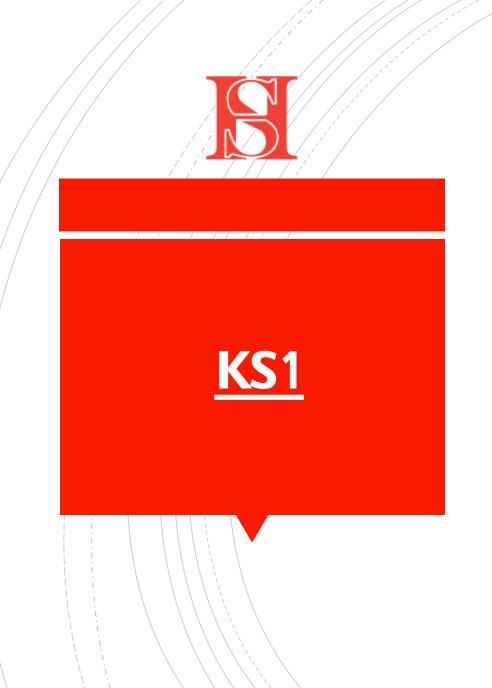
• Mastering Number is the only programme needed to cover all ELG for Reception.

# What it covers.....

- Subitising (the ability to look at a small number of objects and instantly recognise how many objects there are without needing to count)
- Counting
- Composition of numbers
- Comparison

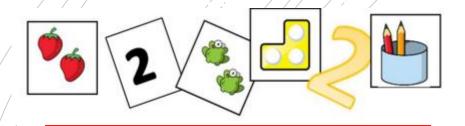
What it does not cover: (left with 12-13 weeks to cover)

- > Pattern
- > Shape and Space
- Measures
- These areas will be covered by White Rose and interspersed throughout the year at appropriate times.



# <u>KS1</u>

• For Years 1 and 2 the programme is offered in addition to daily Mathematics lessons as an extra 10-15 minutes.



# Nursery Overview

- All children have the opportunity throughout the year to gain and build on mathematical knowledge by following topics.
- Retrieval is a key part of the mathematics curriculum, allowing children to revisit and retrieve concepts.
- Maths is taught throughout the entire curriculum in Nursery and there are daily opportunities for children to access mathematical learning independently as well as through teacher led or directed tasks.
- Maths is everywhere Cross curricular Inside, outside, stories, puppets, writing, displays, resources.

# Nursery Overview

	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	
Autumn		Shape Patterns		Co	mbers 0-5 unting 1:1 cognition of	a number	Co	Size mbers 0-10 unting 1:1 cognition of	a number	Counting objects			
Spring		ng objects (S veight, capac Estimating	ity)		Counting	Nu g accurately (	imbers 0-10 Kipper's toy	box topic)		2D shapes			
Summer	Pattern Repeating Patterns			Ord Sec Tin	ys of the wee dering quencing ne, day and r ungry Caterp	night	_	, measuring aterpillar top		Number 0-10			

# Reception Overview



# Mastering Number and White Rose

- Embeds mathematical thinking.
- Supports the ethos of EYFS whilst enabling a mathematically rich curriculum.
- Key mathematical concepts are revisited and developed further across the year.
- Mastering Number is used to teach all basic number facts.
- White Rose is used to teach shape, space and measure and spatial thinking.





# Mastering Number – Reception Overview by Week

Autumn 1	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5
Focus	Subitising	Counting, ordinality and eardinality	Composition	Subitising	Comparison
Set 1	Subitising within 3	Focus on counting skills	Explore how all numbers are made of 1s  Focus on composition of 3 and 4	Subitise objects and sounds	Comparison of sets - 'just by looking' Use the language of comparison: more than and fewer than
Autumn 2	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10
Focus	Counting, ordinality and cardinality	Comparison	Composition	Composition	Counting, ordinality and eardinality
Set 2	Focus on counting skills  Focus on the 'five-ness of 5' using one hand and the die pattern for 5	Comparison of sets - by matching  Use the language of comparison: more than, fewer than, an equal number	Explore the concept of 'whole' and 'part'	Focus on the composition of 3, 4 and 5	Practise object counting skills  Match numerals to quantities within 10  Verbal counting beyond 20





Spring 1	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13	Week 14	Week 15
Focus	Subitising	Counting, ordinality and cardinality	Composition	Composition	Composition
Set 3	Subitise within 5 focusing on die patterns  Match numerals to quantities within 5	Counting – focus on ordinality and the 'staircase' pattern  See that each number is one more than the previous number	Focus on 5	Focus on 6 and 7 as '5 and a bit'	Compare sets and use language of comparison: more than, fewer than, an equal number to  Make unequal sets equal
Spring 2	Week 16	Week 17	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20
Focus	Counting, ordinality and cardinality	Comparison	Composition	Composition	Composition
Set 4	Focus on the 'staircase' pattern and ordering numbers	Focus on ordering of numbers to 8 Use language of less than	Focus on 7	Doubles – explore how some numbers can be made with 2 equal parts	Sorting numbers according to attributes - odd and even numbers





Summer 1	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24	Week 25	
Focus	Counting, ordinality and cardinality	Subitising	Composition	Composition	Comparison	
Set 3	Counting – larger sets and things that cannot be seen	Subitising – to 6, including in structured arrangements	Composition – '5 and a bit'	Composition - of 10	Comparison – linked to ordinality Play track games	
Summer 2	Week 26	Review and assess	Review and assess	Review and assess	Review and assess	Review and assess
Set 4	Subitise to 5 Introduce the rekenrek	Automatic recall of bonds to 5	Composition of numbers to 10	Comparison	Number patterns	Counting





What does Maths look like in Reception?

# Reception



- Alongside independent learning activities, we also teach maths inputs throughout the week using Mastering Number for Number and White Rose for Shape, Space and Measure.
- Within the maths input, we start by focussing on retrieval. The learning objective is shared and the children have an opportunity to talk about their learning with a focus on mathematical language. We provide children with stem sentences. E.g. I think it is red because...
- Following this the children will have the opportunity to consolidate their learning with concrete objects and scaffolding from the teacher.
- Independent learning activities to consolidate the knowledge they are developing.















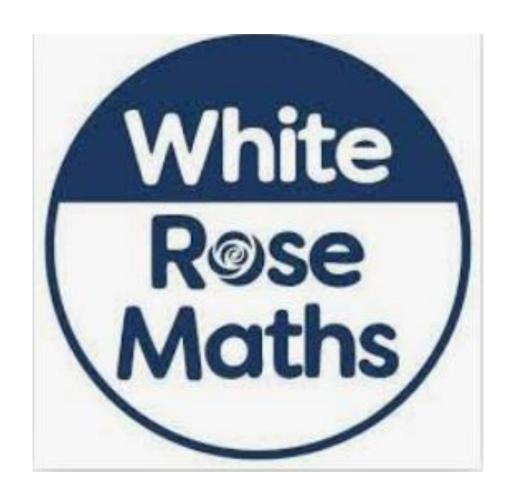








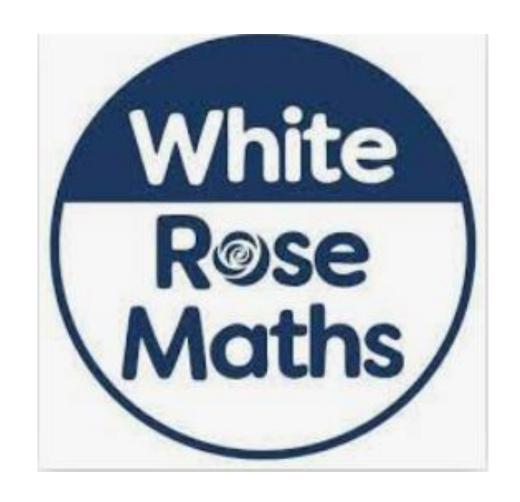
Year 1 Overview



	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	
Autumn	Number Place value (within 10)					Number Addit (withi	ion and in 10)	Geometry	Consolidation				
Spring	Number Place value (within 20)  Number Addition and subtraction (within 20)					Number Place value (within 50) height					Measurement Mass and volume		
Summer	Number  Multiplication and division		Number <b>Fractions</b>		Geometry Position and direction	Number Place value (within 100)		Measurement Money	Measure Time	ment	Consolidation		



Year 2 Overview



	Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7	Week 8	Week 9	Week 10	Week 11	Week 12	Week 13
Autumn				<b>Numbe</b> Place Valu						<u>Ν</u> α	mber Subtraction	n	
Spring	Multip	Number olication & [		Pro	Geometry operties of sh	ape	<b><u>Number</u></b> Multiplication & Division			Number Addition & subtraction (Exchange)			
Summer		Number Fractions		Measurement Length, Height, Mass & Capacity Temperature Time - ₩\$ 8 from WR Summer term	Revis  Num  Addition, so  multiplic  divis  Revis  Measur  Money	uber ubtraction, ation & ion sion rement	Length, Ho & Ca	rement eight, Mass pacity erature	Statistics	Geometry Position & Direction  W. 3/4 from W.R summer term	<u>Measurement</u> Temperature & scales	Consolidation	

Week 14/15

Number Addition & Subtraction

Statistics Data

handling



What does a lesson look like in KS1?



# White Rose

Talk Flashback 4 (KS1) Retrieval



Talk - time to go over previous knowledge

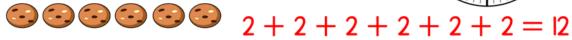
# Flashback



Year 2 | Week 1 | Day 1

Write two addition calculations to describe the array.





2) Complete the sentence.



There are  $\frac{4}{3}$  equal groups with  $\frac{3}{3}$  in each group.

- 3) Use <, > or = to compare the amounts. £4 and 17p  $\bigcirc$  £4 and 11p
- 4) A quarter of 4 is 1





- Use White Rose steps to teach new learning.
- Includes varied fluency to ensure different strategies are taught.

Year 2 | Autumn Term | Week 11 to 12 - Number: Multiplication & Division



#### Recognise Equal Groups

#### **Notes and Guidance**

Children describe equal groups using stem sentences to support them. It is important that children know which groups are equal and unequal, and why they are equal or unequal. The addition and multiplication symbols are not used within this small step but use of the language of addition and multiplication will support them in understanding repeated addition and multiplication. The examples included refer to the times tables facts that Year 2 children need to know.

#### Mathematical Talk

What does the 2 represent? What does the 3 represent?

What does the 5 represent? What does the 2 represent?

I have \_\_\_ equal groups, with \_\_\_ in each group. Which image am I describing?

Why are these groups equal/unequal?

#### Varied Fluency

Complete the stem sentences.





here are \_\_\_\_ equal groups with \_\_\_\_ in each group

Complete the sentences.





There are \_\_\_\_\_ equal groups with \_\_\_\_ in each group.

There are \_\_\_\_\_ baguettes altogether.

Describe the equal groups.



What is the same and what is different in each group?

Reception - Spring Phase 5 - Growing 6, 7 & 8

# **Making Pairs**

#### Guidance

Children build on their earlier work on matching to find and make pairs. They begin to understand that a pair is two. Provide collections of items which come in pairs.

Encourage the children to arrange small quantities into pairs and notice that some quantities will have an odd one left over with no partner.

Teach the children to play games which involve matching pairs for example snap or memory games.

#### Other Resources

Simon's Sock - Sue Hendra

10 Fat Sausages 12 Buckle my Sho Noah's Ark

Pairs! In the Garden – Smriti Prasadam-Halls
Webgames online.com/memory/

#### **Prompts for Learning**

Collect a basket of small items in pairs – have enough items for each child to have one. As the children come into the classroom ask them to collect one item from the basket. When all the children have arrived, ask them to find who has the same and sit together in a pair.

Have a basket of unsorted socks or wellies and ask the children to help you sort them into pairs.

Can they spot which pairs go together?

Why do they match?



Ask the children to get into pairs ready for a game or to line up in pairs for a Spring walk.

Do they notice any pairs on their walk?

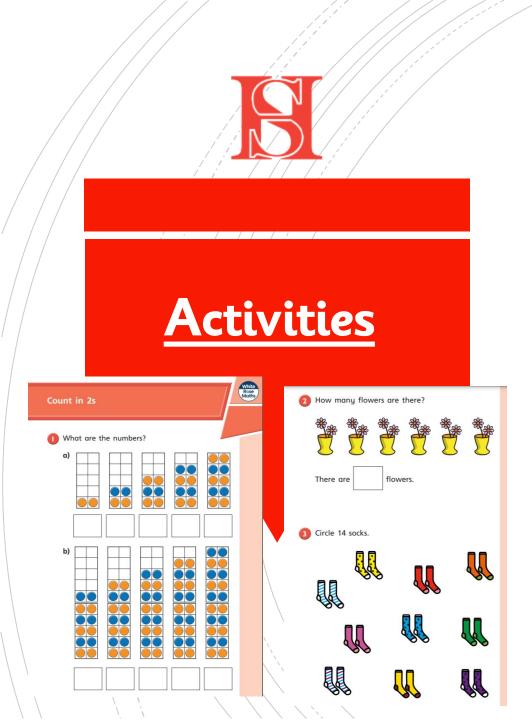
They could also face each other in pairs and take it in turns to mirror the other's actions or play bunny ears.

Encourage children to investigate making pairs using different quantities of small world creatures, cubes or counters. Which quantities will make pairs and which will have one left out? Do they notice a pattern?

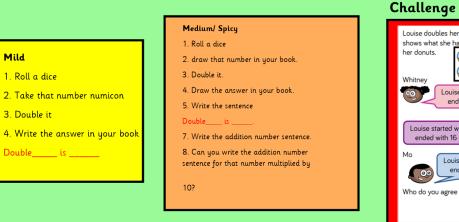


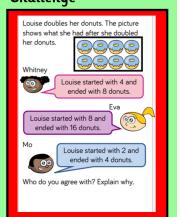
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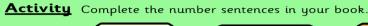




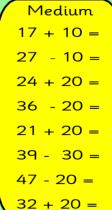
- Chilli challenges mild, medium, spicy.
- White Rose resource sheets.











Spicy

23 + 20 =

45 + 20 =

55 + 30 =

63 - 20 =

49 - 20 =

83 - 40 =

35 + \_\_ = 65

41 - \_\_=21

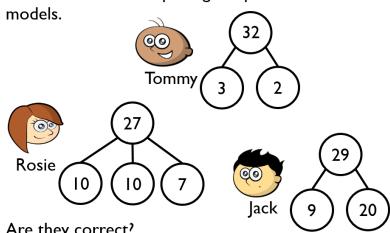
**Challenge:** Can you write a word problem for one of the number sentences and share with a friend?

# Plenary White Røse Maths

# •White Rose reasoning challenges

White Rose Maths

The children are completing the part whole



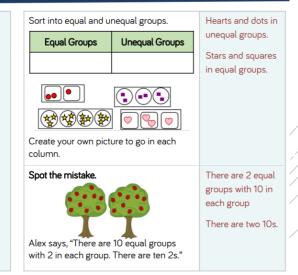
Are they correct? Explain why.

### Recognise Equal Groups

#### Reasoning and Problem Solving



The bags with 5 p in each because the 2 ps and 1 ps have 4 p in each group.





# Concrete Resources



Throughout the school all children have access to maths resources that they can self select when needed.

- Numberlines
- □ 100 Squares
- ☐Ten frames
- Counters
- Money
- ☐ Clocks
- ■Base Ten/Dienes
- ■Shapes
- □Rulers/Meter sticks
- ☐ Maths working walls displaying what has been taught.
- \*Maths games are sent home termly in all year groups.
- Year group learning letters will highlight the weekly learning.

# Working wall





Self-select maths resources





### Supporting Maths at home in EYFS and KS1

#### Practise correct number formation



My 0-10 Number Formation

0 | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

#### Apps

➤ White Rose Maths - 1 minute Maths App





Hit the Button Maths



➤ Twink! Mental Maths





➤ Numberblacks 'Meet the Numberblacks!' - EYFS/Year 1



➤ Numberblocks: World

#### Websites

- ➤ Tappragrks all topics for all ages <a href="https://www.topmarks.co.uk/Search.aspx?Subject=16">https://www.topmarks.co.uk/Search.aspx?Subject=16</a>
- ➤ Daily 10 (Topmacks) Mental Maths https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/daily10
- ICT Games https://ictgames.com/mobilePage/index.html
- EYFS BBC Bitgsize, https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitgsize/subjects/zhtf3j6
- KS1 BBC Bitesize, https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize/subjects/zjxhfq8
- Year 2 Third Space Learning -

https://thirdspacelearning.com/blog/how-help-child-with-maths-at-home/67-how-to-help-with-year-2-maths-6-7-year-olds-

> Fun KS1 Maths games to play at home - Third Space Learning

https://thirdspacelearning.com/blog/maths-games-ks1/

# How to support your child at home

Children can count anything! Pennies, buttons, pasta, trees, cars, building bricks, sweets, apples — encourage them to count things wherever they are! Give them mini-tasks at the supermarket, e.g. putting 6 carrots in a bag; 3 tins of beans, etc.





Try playing number games with cards, dominos and board games — try to encourage them by joining in yourself! They could even have fun creating their own games.

Let children sort the washing!

Matching and counting pairs of socks is a great way of practicing odd and even numbers, counting in twos and the 2 times table and means it is one less job for you!



Look at the pattern of house numbers as you walk along — are they odd or even numbers? What house number will be next?



In Year 1 and 2, the children begin to learn their 2x, 5x and 10x tables. Food can be a very motivating way of learning their times tables and the corresponding division facts!

For example, sweets can be grouped and counted, children can count the biscuits in a packet in twos as they put them in the biscuit barrel, chunks on a bar of chocolate can be counted

